

ELECTIONS 2023 - 2024 MOZAMBIQUE POLITICAL PROCESS BULLETIN

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Frelimo replaces Assistant General Director of STAE

Finally Frelimo has found the man who will serve as a counter-weight to the unwanted Loló Correia, placed in the position by members of the opposition with the support of some discontented Frelimo members who defied their party. He is Lourenço Chiluvane, and he is currently a staff member at STAE-central.

Frelimo's first option to replace Agostinho Levieque was José Grachane, but this was blocked (<u>Bulletin 17</u>) by the members of the CNE after systematic legal processes to oppose and challenge the swearing into office of the recently elected General Director of STAE, Loló Correia. Grachane forwarded two appeals, the fist to the chirperson of the CNE, Dom Carlos Matsinhe (<u>Bulletin 5</u>), and the second to the Maputo City Administrative Tribunal (<u>Bulletins 6</u> and <u>15</u>).

Agostinho Leviaque was penalised for being supposedly weak in defending the interests of the Frelimo Party, in the conflict over the election of Loló Correia as director of the Electoral Administration Technical Secretariat.

Analysis Renamo demanded a system that Frelimo controls

Three decades of Renamo-Frelimo negotiations and repeated last minute deals have created a party-based electoral system which Frelimo largely controls. Renamo always rejected the idea of a neutral electoral machine, demanding that it be partyised. But that gives control to the largest party in parliament, which is not Renamo but Frelimo.

In the past seven months, the agreed structure of electoral machine has shaped an unusually public and very heavy-handed battle to maintain political control of STAE (Technical Secretariat for Electoral Administration, Secretariado Técnico de Administração Eleitoral), which actually runs the elections. It started with the choice of a new Director General last year and ended with the naming of Lourenço Chiluvane last week.

National Elections Commission (CNE, Comissão Nacional de Eleições) members are partly nominated by parties in parliament, who choose civil society representatives allied to their parties. The STAE director general is selected by the CNE in an open competition. But deputies at national and lower levels and some technicians are selected by parties in parliament, ensuring party control.

In the DG competition last year, the selection panel of five members of the CNE considered seven candidates. Top of the list was Loló Correia, director of STAE in Tete since 2014, who is not a Frelimo insider. Bottom of the list was Helena Garrine, national STAE director for training and civil education, who had backing of key Frelimo people.

Correia was chosen, as some people with Frelimo links refused to follow party directions. Frelimo twice blocked the swearing in of Correia, but could not force through Garrine. Next it tried to push through José dos Santos Anjos Grachane, third on the list and a Frelimo member of the CNE 2000-2010. The courts were soon involved. Correia was sworn in 14 February, five weeks after his first scheduled swearing in.

To find someone strong to stand up to Correia, Frelimo in December forced its Deputy Secretary General Agostinho Leviaque to resign in December. He was regarded as weak in defending the interests of the party, particularly in the conflict over the new STAE DG. And Frelimo named Grachane to the post.

The CNE rebelled, saying that the documents filed in his legal actions claimed Grachane was better than the current CNE and Correia, which would make him impossible to work with. So the post remained empty, until Chiluvane, already a Frelimo nominated technician in STAE, was named as the Frelimo strong man who could control this situation. He will take up his post Monday (27 March).

Did the CIP Elections Bulletin open the purse strings?

The electoral administration bodies now have available a considerable part of the sum of 6bn meticais to put into operation their activities for this year's municipal elections. The news item published in the CIP Elections Bulletin alerted the Government which immediately ordered the release of the funds.

As we found from sources in the electoral administration bodies, the amount was released days after the CIP Elections Bulletin had denounced the fact that the government had passed a blank cheque to the election management and administration bodies. That is, it put the sum into the system (as an accounting balance), but in real terms (available balance) the money did not yet exist in a form that could be used (<u>Bulletin 38</u>).

Since many of the items now have their budget available, STAE has begun to make payments for some services that were pending, including the 2.5bn meticais for the Lexton/Artes Gráficas consortium which imported the materials for the voter registration. STAE had already paid 1.5 bn meticais to the consortium, and so the total paid comes to 4 bn meticais.

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